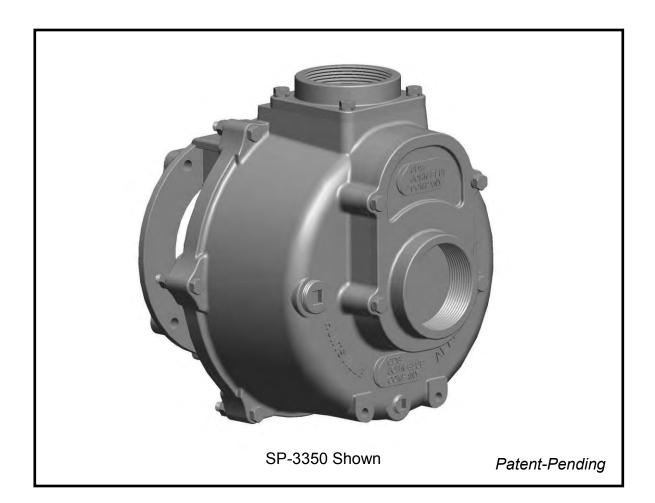


# NEXT GENERATION CENTRIFUGAL TRANSFER PUMPS

# PARTS AND INSTRUCTION MANUAL



## **CDS-JOHN BLUE COMPANY**

DIVISION OF ADVANCED SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY, INC. 165 Electronics Blvd, Huntsville, AL 35824 Telephone: (256) 721-9090 - FAX: (256) 721-9091

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### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Equipment should be operated only by responsible people.
- A careful operator is the best insurance against an accident.
- Fill system with WATER first and check output.
- Check all valves, fittings, hose clamps, etc. for wear / leaks before admitting process fluid to the system.
- Replace hoses when worn, cracked, or if leaking.

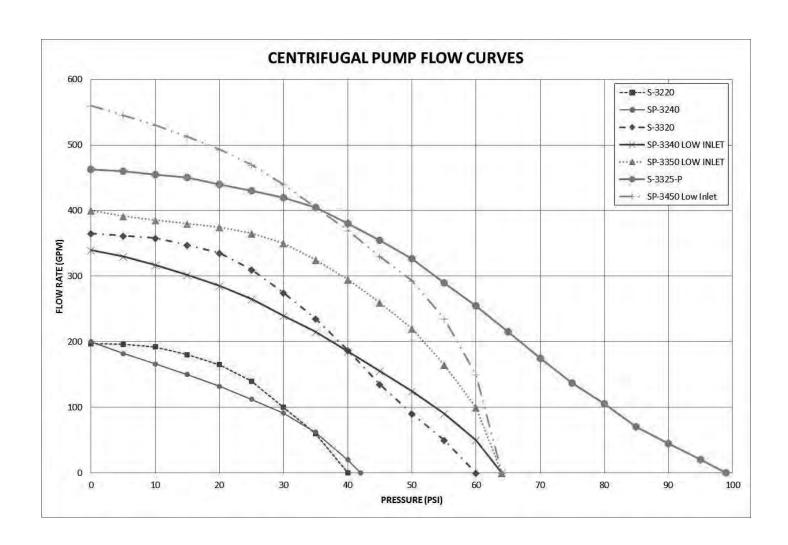
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To The Owner					
This manual has been prepared and illustrated to assist you in the maintenance of your CDS – JOHN BLUE pump. Enter your serial number and the date of the purchase in the space provided below for future reference in service information or for ordering parts. Because our engineering department is constantly improving products, we reserve the right to make design and specification changes without notice.					
Model Number	Serial Number	Purchase Date:			

## **PUMP SPECIFICATIONS**

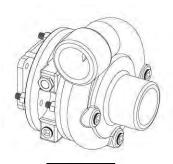
(Values are for water)	S-3220	S-3320	SP-3240	SP-3340	SP-3350	S-3325-P	SP-3450
Max. Attainable Flow:	197 GPM	365 GPM	200 GPM	340 GPM	400 GPM	463 GPM	560 GPM
Max. Attainable Pressure:	40 PSI	60 PSI	42 PSI	64 PSI	64 PSI	99 PSI	64 PSI
Flow @ 25 PSI:	140 GPM	310 GPM	112 GPM	265 GPM	365 GPM	430 GPM	470 GPM
Max. Operating Speed:	3600 RPM	4500 RPM	3600 RPM				
Max. Required Horsepower:	5 Hp	10 Hp	5 Hp	10 Hp	13 Hp	16.5 Hp	19 HP
Rotation (from input side):	CW	CW	CW	CW	CW	CW	CW
Plumbing Size:	2" FNPT	3" FNPT	2" FNPT	3" FNPT	3" FNPT	3" FNPT	4"x3" FNPT
Housing Configuration:	Straight	Straight	Self-Prime	Self-Prime	Self-Prime	Straight	Self-Prime
Offered Electric Motor HP:	5HP	10HP	5HP	10HP	15HP	N/A	20HP
FLA of 1PH Electric Motor:	23.0A @208V	44.0A @208V	23.0A @208V	44.0A @208V	N/A	N/A	N/A
FLA of 3PH Electric Motor:	13.2A @208V	26.0A @208V	13.2A @208V	26.0A @208V	38.3A @208V	N/A	50.8A @208V
	6.1A @460V	11.5A @460V	6.1A @460V	11.5A @460V	17.5A @460V	N/A	23.0A @460V



## **PUMP MODEL LIST**

The VAC-U-SEAL line of CDS-John Blue Centrifugal Transfer Pumps is very complete and versatile in that many combinations can be assembled from available components. Due to the complex nature of the system, it is of great importance that you know the exact model of your pump, its size, straight or self priming, and material of construction when obtaining service parts or technical support. The model list and figures below will be helpful in determining the correct nomenclature for your pump.

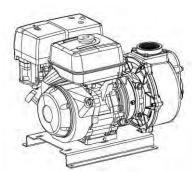
	Pumps with Adapters for Gasoline Engines		Pumps with Adapters for Electric Motors
S-3220	2" NPT Straight Pump	S-3220-E	2" NPT Straight Pump
S-3320	3" NPT Straight Pump	SP-3240-E	2" NPT Self-Priming Pump
S-3320-BS **	3" NPT Straight Pump (BS)	S-3320-E	3" NPT Straight Pump
SP-3240	2" NPT Self-Priming Pump	SP-3340-E	3" NPT Self-Priming Pump
SP-3340	3" NPT Self-Priming Pump	SP-3350-E	3" NPT Self-Priming Pump High Flow Impeller (13hp)
SP-3350	3" NPT Self-Priming Pump, High Flow Impeller (13hp)		
SP-3350-BS **	3" NPT Self-Priming Pump (BS) High Flow Impeller (13hp)		Pumps Coupled to Gasoline Engines
SP-3450-BS **	4"X 3" NPT Self-Priming Pump (BS) (19hp)	S-3220-G5H	2" NPT Straight, 5Hp Honda, w/Base
	** BS pumps accept a 1" diameter engine shaft	SP-3240-G5H	2" NPT Self-Priming, 5Hp Honda, w/Base
	Note: Adding "C" suffix denotes silicon carbide seals	SP-3240-G5LCT	2" NPT Self-Priming, 5Hp LCT, w/Base
	Note: Adding "-FLG" suffix denotes flanged inlet/outlet	S-3320-G13H	3" NPT Straight, 13Hp Honda, Elec. Start, w/Base
		SP-3350-G13H	3" NPT Self-Priming, 13Hp Honda, Elec. Start, w/Base
	Pumps Coupled to Electric Motors	SP-3350-G13LCT	3" NPT Self-Priming, 13Hp LCT, Elec. Start, w/Base
S-3220-E5D1	2" NPT Straight Pump, 5 Hp, 1 Phase		
S-3220-E5D3	2" NPT Straight Pump, 5 Hp, 3 Phase		Pumps with Hydraulic Drive
S-3220-E5T3	2" NPT Straight Pump, 5 Hp, 3 Phase, TEFC	S-3220-PH	2" NPT Straight Pump with Hyd. Drive, w/Base
S-3320-E10T-1	3" NPT Straight Pump, 10 Hp, 1 Phase, TEFC	SP-3240-PH	2" NPT Self-Priming Pump with Hyd. Drive, w/Base
S-3320-E10TB-1	3" NPT Straight Pump, 10 Hp, 1 Phase, TEFC, w/Base	S-3325-PH	3" NPT Straight Pump with Hyd. Drive – 25 GPM
S-3320-E10T	3" NPT Straight Pump, 10 Hp, 3 Phase, TEFC	SP-3345-PH	3" NPT Self-Priming Pump w/Hyd. Drive– 25 GPM
S-3320-E15T	3" NPT Straight Pump, 15 Hp, 3 Phase, TEFC	S-3325-PHL	3" NPT Straight Pump w/LF Hyd. Drive – 14 GPM
		SP-3345-PHL	3" NPT Self-Priming Pump w/LF Hyd. Drive– 14 GPM
SP-3240-E5D1B	2" NPT Self-Priming Pump, 5 Hp, 1 Phase, with Base		
SP-3240-E5T1B	2" NPT Self-Priming Pump, 5 Hp, 1 Phase, with Base, TEFC		Pumps with Pedestals
SP-3240-E5D3B	2" NPT Self-Priming Pump, 5 Hp, 3 Phase, with Base	S-3220-P	2" NPT Straight Pump with Pedestal
SP-3240-E5T3B	2" NPT Self-Priming Pump, 5 Hp, 3 Phase, TEFC, with Base	SP-3240-P	2" NPT Self-Priming Pump with Pedestal
SP-3340-E10TB-1	3" NPT Self-Priming Pump, 10 Hp, 1 Phase, TEFC, with Base	S-3320-P	3" NPT Straight Pump with Pedestal
SP-3340-E10TB	3" NPT Self-Priming Pump, 10 Hp, 3 Phase, TEFC, with Base	S-3325-P	3" NPT Straight Pump for Truck mounting
SP-3350-E15TB	3" NPT Self-Priming Pump, 15 Hp, 3 Phase, TEFC, with Base	SP-3340-P	3" NPT Self-Priming Pump with Pedestal
SP-3450-E20TB	4"x3" NPT Self-Priming Pump, 20hp 3 Phase, TEFC, w/Base	SP-3345-P	3" NPT Self-Priming Pump for Truck mounting



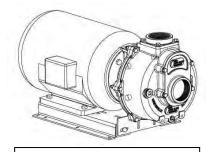




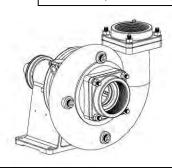
Self-Priming



Close Coupled Gas Engine



Close Coupled Electric Motor

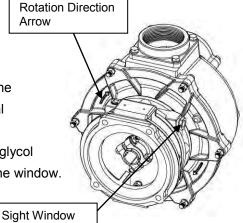


Truck Pump Pedestal – Straight Housing

## **INSTALLATION**

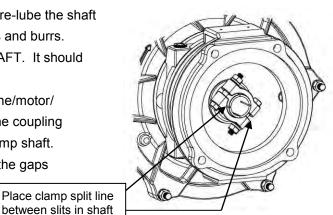
#### **MOUNTING**

- The pump should be installed in a clean, dry, and well ventilated area preferably close to the fluid supply tank.
- The pump should be mounted so that the sight window is at the top of the seal reservoir, and it may be moved to one of the other ports on the seal reservoir if necessary.
- If the seal reservoir fluid has been drained, a 50/50 mixture of ethylene glycol antifreeze and water should be used to replace it, filled to half-way up the window.
- Be sure to note the direction arrow cast into the pump body, and double check your power source's rotation direction.



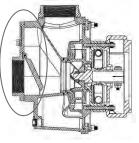
- For close-coupling to a motor, engine, or pedestal, the following must be observed:
  - Vac-U-Seal pumps must NEVER be used on engines or motors with plain bearings ONLY use engines or motors equipped with ball bearings. Plain bearings allow the shaft to float or slide axially. The engine/motor/pedestal shaft is what supports the impeller in the housing, and it must be rigidly supported and constrained.
  - When sliding the shaft in to the pump shaft, pre-lube the shaft with a light oil and clean the shaft of all debris and burrs.
     NEVER FORCE THE PUMP ONTO THE SHAFT. It should slide on easily – investigate any interference.
  - When clamping the pump shaft onto the engine/motor/
     Pedestal shaft, ensure that the split lines of the coupling are spaced evenly between the slits in the pump shaft.
  - Tighten the bolts of the clamp evenly so that the gaps
     on each side are equal.

    Place clamp split line



#### **SELF-PRIMING INLET CONFIGURATION**

- The self-priming pumps have the option of a low or high inlet port configuration. This change affects the free-flow performance of the pump (see pg. 3), its priming ability, and also the drain-back capability of the input and outlet lines.
- To change from the as-delivered low inlet to a high inlet configuration, remove the four bolts and inlet adapter, remove the flap, and reinstall the inlet in the other orientation.





Low Inlet w/ Flap

High Inlet

#### **PIPING**

- Vac-U-Seal pumps are not designed to support piping. If piping is used, it should be supported independently
  of the pump and connected to the pump with flexible members such as hose.
- It is recommended that new clean pipe be used at installation, and be of the same size as the pump ports. For long distances, the pipe size may need to be increased.
- The suction pipe should always be sloped upward to avoid creating air pockets in the line.

#### **ELECTRICAL**

- For electric motors, a licensed electrician must be used to wire the pump/motor assembly. The wire and fuses should be sized by the licensed electrician based on the motor tag data and the length of wire run.
- Do not use the pump/motor assembly in explosive atmospheres ensure adequate ventilation.

#### **GAS ENGINES**

- For gas engines with electric start, use 6 ga cable to connect both the positive terminal of the battery to the stud on the starter solenoid, and the negative terminal of the battery to an engine mounting bolt or a good grounding point on the frame. The length of cable should be kept to a minimum, preferably 3ft or less.
- The battery used should be 12v 18Ah or larger, and it must be securely mounted to the frame.
- Coat terminals and cable ends with grease.
- Do not use the pump/engine assembly in explosive atmospheres ensure adequate ventilation.

## **MAINTENANCE**

- Inspect the seal reservoir fluid level using the sight window it should be above the middle of the window.
- If dirty, replace the fluid by draining and replacing with a 50/50 mixture of ethylene glycol antifreeze and water. The recommended service interval for this fluid is 100 hours.
- If the fluid in the seal reservoir becomes cloudy or loses fluid after use, the impeller side seal is leaking and should be replaced.
- Inspect the pump frequently for any leaks from the housing gaskets or shaft seal.

## **STORAGE**

#### \*\* IMPORTANT – KEEP AIR OUT OF THE PUMP AND KEEP IT FROM FREEZING\*\*

• Keep air out of the pump! This is the only way to prevent corrosion. Even for short periods of storage, the entrance of air into the pump causes RAPID and SEVERE CORROSION. Freezing temperatures can cause the fluid or water to freeze internally to the pump, which can cause severe damage to castings.

#### • To prevent excessive corrosion of the pump's cast iron components:

Flush pump thoroughly with 5 to 10 gallons of a solution that will neutralize the liquid last pumped (refer to that manufacturer's instructions). Fill with clean water and DO NOT DRAIN. Keep pump sealed to exclude air by placing plugs in the suction and discharge lines to keep pump full. For long-term storage (more than 2 weeks), use straight RV-antifreeze (which has a corrosion inhibitor) to fill the pump after flushing.

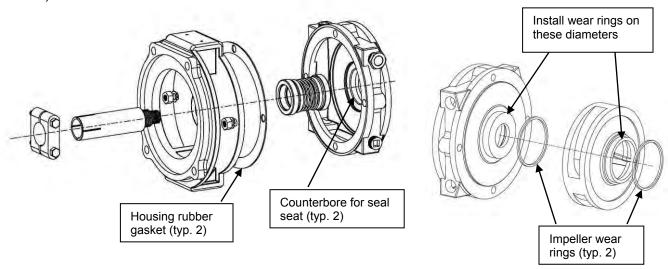
#### To protect pump from freezing:

Flush pump per instructions above and IMMEDIATELY fill pump with straight RV-antifreeze.
 Place plugs in the suction and discharge lines to keep pump full and exclude air.

## **REPAIR**

#### **SEAL REPLACEMENT**

- \* Be sure to order the correct seal for your pump: Ceramic (white seat sealing surfaces) or Carbide (gray)
- \* Gasket and seal kits may also be purchased to rebuild pump see Parts Listing section
- 1.) Loosen the shaft clamp, and unbolt the pump adapter from the engine/motor/pedestal. Penetrating oil should be allowed to soak between pump shaft and the driving shaft if it is stuck.
- 2.) Carefully remove the pump from the engine/motor/pedestal by pulling it straight off of the shaft. Do not pry the pump back and forth, as it may bend the tabs of the pump shaft.
- 3.) Disassemble the pump by draining the seal reservoir fluid, and then removing the motor/engine adapter and the reservoir housing.
- 4.) Remove the seal seats from the pump castings, and carefully clean the counterbores where they fit.
- 5.) When re-installing new seal seats, coat the rubber o.d. with a quality pipe compound like Rector Seal, and press the seal seat fully into the casting counterbores. The compound will lubricate the seat for installation and prevent corrosion under the seat.
- 6.) Using a small hammer and a plastic tube or block on the seal seat, you may lightly tap the seats into the counterbores to make sure they are bottomed out fully.
- 7.) Before re-assembly, make sure the ceramic faces (where the rotary seal will touch) are clean.
- 8.) Thoroughly clean the shaft and lightly lubricate it with oil or grease before installing the shaft seals and spring onto the shaft.
- 9.) Assemble the pump using new rubber gaskets between the casting components and replace impeller wear rings as necessary. Note: Wear rings fit very tightly and must be stretched by hand before being rolled onto the parts.
- 10.) Re-install the anti-freeze/water mixture as described in the Maintenance section.



#### IMPELLER REPLACEMENT (refer to the appropriate parts listing for your model):

• <u>2" pumps and 3" SP pump</u>: Remove plumbing from the pump, and then the (4) fasteners holding the pump housing to the seal reservoir on a straight pump, or (6) fasteners holding the housing to the housing back cover on the self-priming. Remove housing. Hold the pump shaft stationary, and first unscrew the impeller locknut (which has LEFT-HAND threads on 3" pumps) with an impact wrench, then the impeller itself (which has right-hand threads) using a large screwdriver inserted in the vanes.

- <u>3" straight pumps (including the S-3325-P Truck Pump)</u>: Because the stude attaching the pump housing extend through the seal reservoir, the reservoir must be drained before the (4) fasteners are removed and the pump pulled apart. Replace all rubber gaskets when re-assembling. Fill the reservoir per the instructions given in the Maintenance section.
  - o Be sure to use new rubber gaskets when re-assembling the pump.
  - o It is also recommended to replace the two Teflon wear rings on the impeller

#### PEDESTAL BEARING/SHAFT REPLACEMENT (refer to the appropriate parts listing for your model):

- <u>2" pumps</u>: The shaft and bearings of the 2" pedestal must be replaced as an assembly, and it must be pressed out through the pump side of the pedestal.
- <u>3" pumps</u>: The shaft or bearings may be replaced independently of each other. The bearing cap must be removed after removing the (3) fasteners retaining it. The shaft and bearings may now be pressed out through the pump side of the housing.
- <u>S/SP-3325-P Truck Pumps</u>: The pump must be disassembled (see impeller removal instructions above) prior to replacing the bearings and/or shaft.

### HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT INFORMATION

#### INSTALLATION INFORMATION

- Hydraulically driven pumps require a pedestal assembly to accept the motor adapter. If you are converting an existing pump without a pedestal, one will have to be obtained.
- The hydraulic motor is attached to the pedestal using a motor adapter and a flexible coupling.
- The hydraulic motor high pressure inlet port is marked "IN", "P", or "PR" (pressure), and the outlet or return is usually marked "OUT" or "TK" (tank).
- The hydraulic motor requirements for driving 2" pumps are:
   5 GPM min, 500 psi min, CCW Rot.
  - o Hydraulic drive kit: 110345 (contains 110346-01 motor, S-3601 adapter, and hardware)
  - o Kit installs on the S-3342 2" pump pedestal
- The hydraulic motor requirements for driving 3" pumps depend on which motor is selected:
  - o Hydraulic drive kit: **115910-91** (contains 107030**-02** motor, 107016-02 adapter, and hardware)
    - 25 GPM min, 1500 psi min, CCW Rot.
  - o Hydraulic drive kit: 115910-91L (contains 107030-03 motor, 107016-02 adapter, and hardware)
    - 14 GPM min, 1500 psi min, CCW Rot.
  - o Both kits install onto the S/SP-3325-P 3" truck pump pedestal

#### **CHECK VALVE**

• The hydraulic motor must be equipped with an in-line check valve at its outlet to protect the motor seals in the event the return hose is pressurized. It is recommended that a low pressure oil return is used.

#### TRACTOR CONTROL VALVE

- The tractor valve lever for any of the types of tractor hydraulic systems (listed below) must be locked in the open position for operation of the pump.
- If the tractor control valve is used to start and stop the pump on a closed-center hydraulic system, it is possible to create damaging pressure spikes because the valve can block the return port while the motor is running (creating a pressure spike in that line from the motor/pump momentum). Alternatives to prevent pressures spikes are adding an in-line start-stop valve, or setting the tractor system to "float" when turning off the flow to the motor.

#### TRACTOR HYDRAULIC SYSTEM TYPES

There are three types of tractor hydraulic systems available today:

#### **OPEN CENTER SYSTEM**

- Open center systems utilize a constant flow pump. This requires the use of an in-line by-pass
  valve to control the speed of the hydraulic motor. (Note: The 2" pump motor (110346-01) has a
  built-in bypass valve, and it is adjusted using the slotted shaft and locknut on the side of the
  motor.)
- o If a large amount of oil is bypassed when running the pump motor, a significant amount of heat can be generated in the oil, which could damage the tractor's hydraulic system.
- Auxiliary cooling or reducing the engine speed may be necessary to avoid damage.

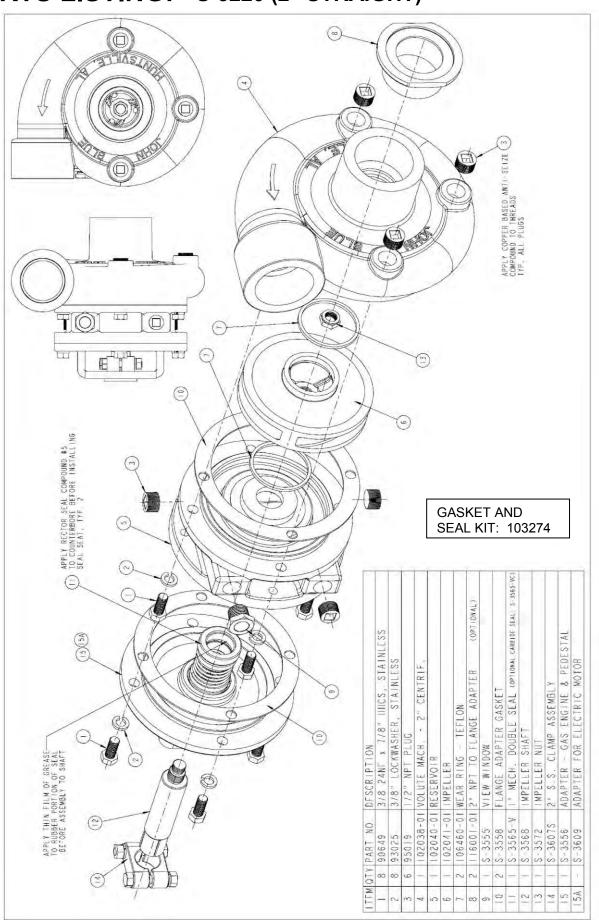
#### CLOSED CENTER PRESSURE COMPENSATED SYSTEM

- Closed center pressure compensated systems utilize a variable stroke pump that increases the flow rate until a certain pressure is reached, at which point the flow rate remains constant.
- In order to operate the pump hydraulic motor at the proper speed, pressure must be built-up against the pump to restrict its rate of flow, so a restriction must be added before the motor inlet.
- This may be accomplished in two ways: with a needle valve in-line before the motor inlet port, or with an in-line orifice before the motor inlet port. It is important to install the orifice before the inlet port only, because damage to the motor may result if it is installed in the outlet.
- o The speed of the pump may then be adjusted with the tractor's <u>flow control</u> valve.
- o Do not use a by-pass valve with a pressure compensated closed center system.
- When turning off flow to the motor using the tractor control valve, the controls must be set to the float position to prevent pressure spikes.

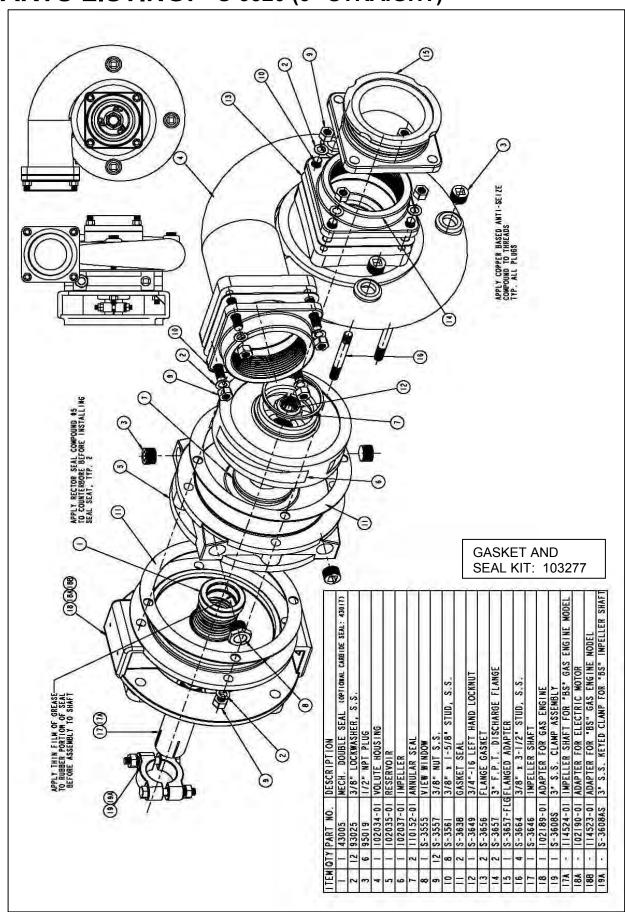
#### **CLOSED CENTER LOAD SENSING SYSTEM**

- Closed center load sensing systems are similar to the pressure compensated systems, except that they have flow compensation too, which results in less heat generation and higher efficiency.
- The speed of the pump will be adjusted with the tractor's flow control valve.
- o Do not use a by-pass valve or an orifice with a load sensing closed center system.
- When turning off flow to the motor using the tractor control valve, the controls must be set to the float position to prevent pressure spikes.

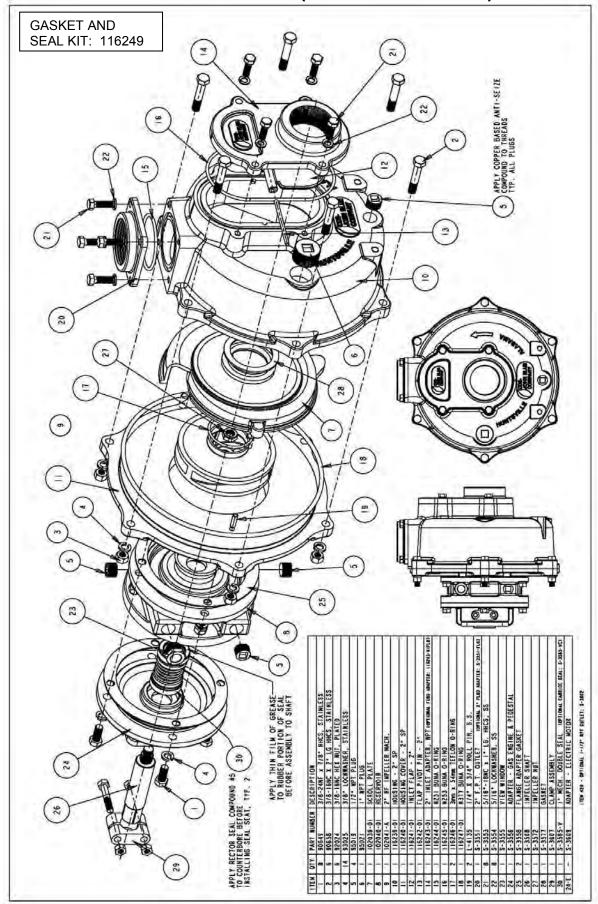
## PARTS LISTING: S-3220 (2" STRAIGHT)



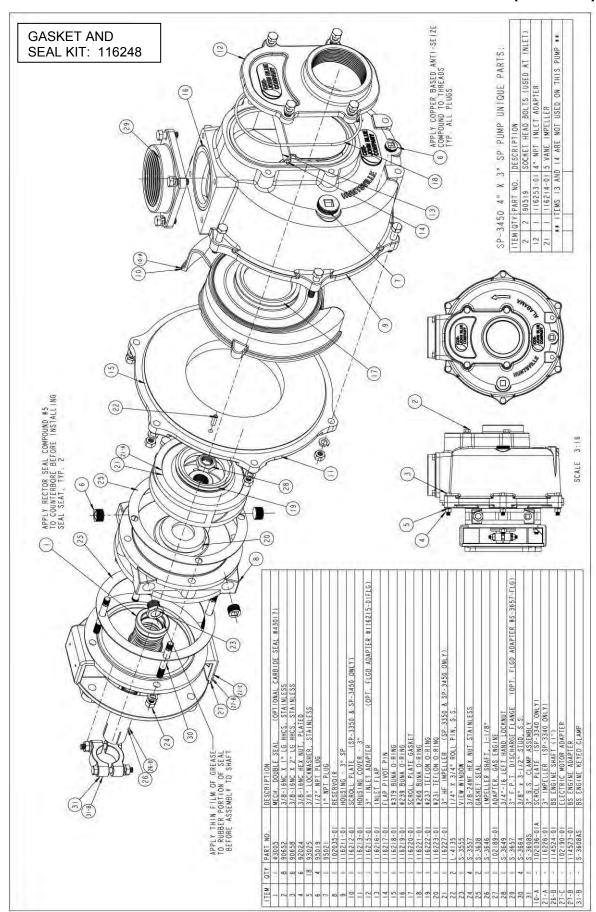
## PARTS LISTING: S-3320 (3" STRAIGHT)



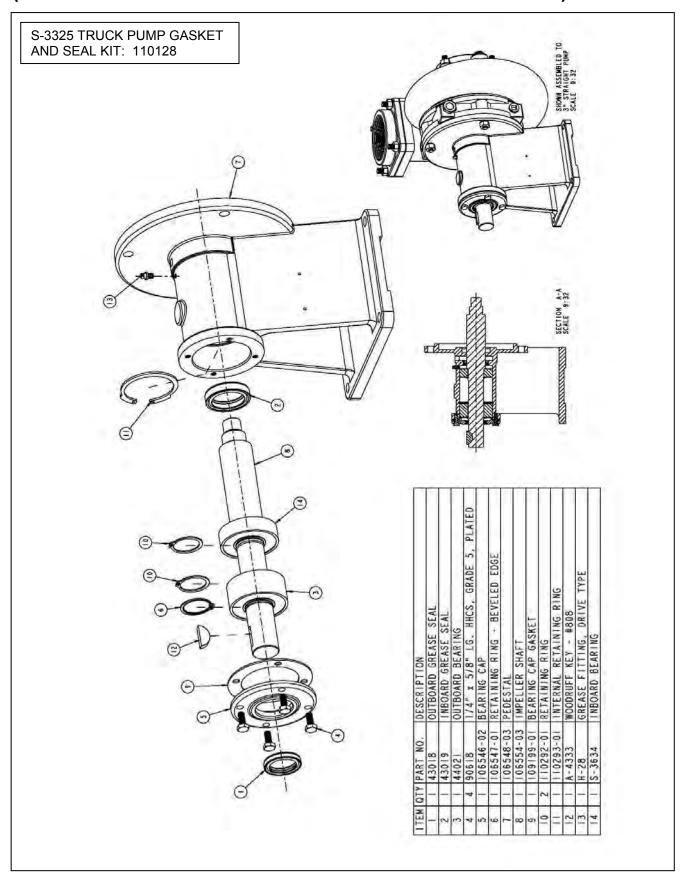
## PARTS LISTING: SP-3240 (2" SELF-PRIMING)



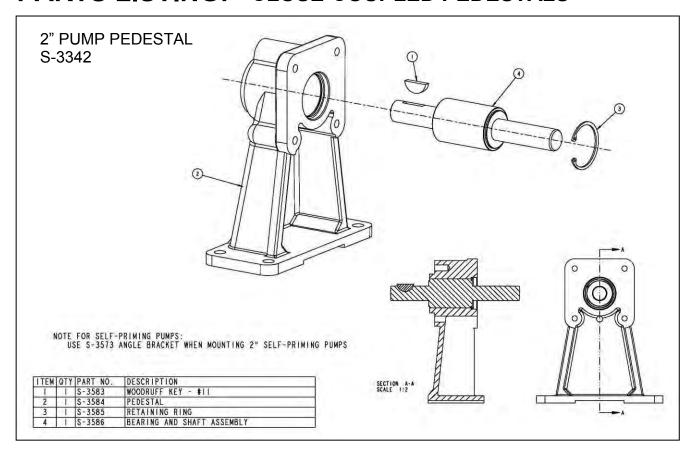
## PARTS LISTING: SP-3340/SP-3350/SP-3450 (3" & 4")

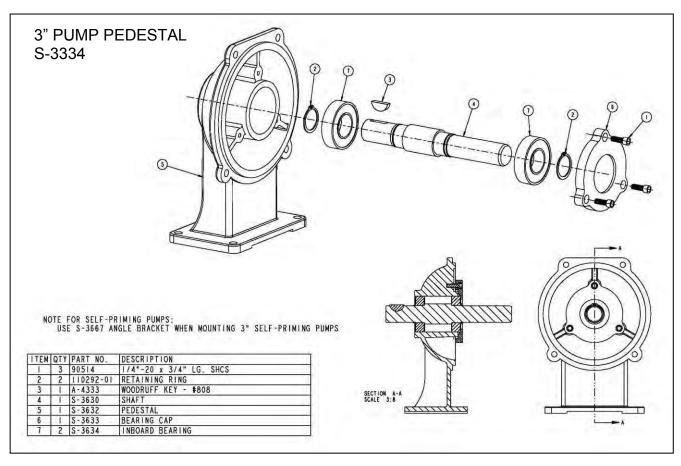


# **PARTS LISTING:** S-3325-P TRUCK PUMP PEDESTAL (USED WITH 3" STRAIGHT OR SELF-PRIMING PUMPS)



## PARTS LISTING: CLOSE-COUPLED PEDESTALS

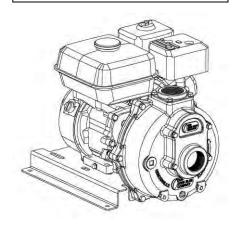


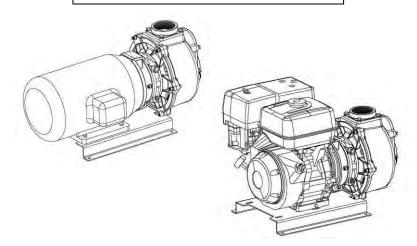


## PARTS LISTING: ELECTRIC MOTOR & GAS ENGINE MODELS

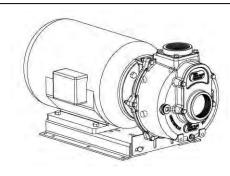
(A) 2" PUMP W/GAS OR ELEC.

(B) 3" PUMP W/10HP ELEC OR 13HP GAS



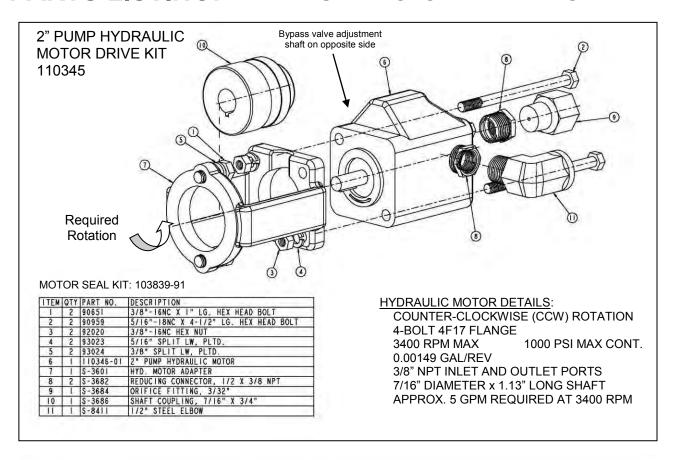


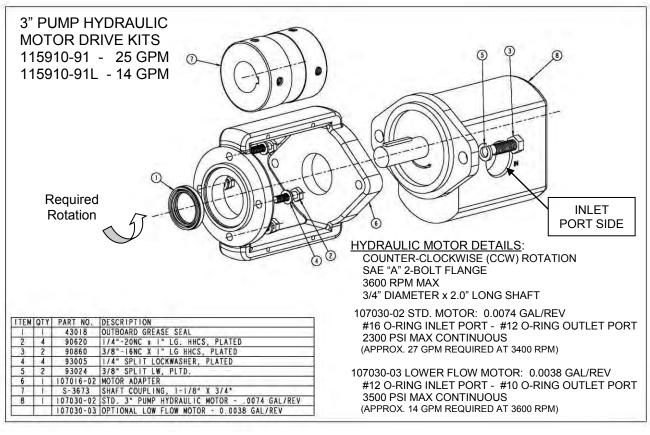
(C) 3" PUMP W/15HP ELEC. OR 4"x3" PUMP W/20HP ELEC.



MODEL	PART#	DESCRIPTION
Α	116250-91	BASE KIT - 2" PUMP FOR ELEC. MOTOR OR GAS ENGINE
		(INCLUDES BASE AND HARDWARE)
	116251-01	BASE FORMING - 2" PUMP W/ELEC. MOTOR OR GAS ENGINE
	C-5962 / C-5960	5HP ELECTRIC MOTOR, DRIP-PROOF (3PH / 1PH)
	C-5963 / C-5961	5HP ELECTRIC MOTOR, TEFC (3PH / 1PH)
	113798-01	5.5 HP HONDA GAS ENGINE, ROPE START
В	116229-91	BASE KIT - 3" PUMP FOR 10 HP ELECTRIC MOTOR OR GAS ENGINE
		(INCLUDES BASE & HARDWARE)
	116228-01	BASE FORMING - 3" PUMP W/10 HP ELEC. MOTOR OR GAS ENGINE
	C-517 / 115277-01	10HP ELECTRIC MOTOR, TEFC (3PH / 1PH)
	115457-01	13HP HONDA GAS ENGINE, ELEC & ROPE START, 3A ALT.
	116272-01	13HP HONDA GAS ENGINE, ROPE START
	116265-01	14HP KOHLER GAS ENGINE, ELEC & ROPE START, 3A ALT.
	116273-01	14HP KOHLER GAS ENGINE, ROPE START
С	116279-91	BASE KIT - 3" AND 4"x3" PUMPS FOR 15 & 20 HP ELECTRIC MOTORS
		(INCLUDES BASE & HARDWARE)
	116269-01	BASE FORMING - 3" PUMP W/15HP ELEC. MOTOR
	108128	15HP ELECTRIC MOTOR, TEFC, 3PH (use with 3" pumps)
	116268-01	20HP ELECTRIC MOTOR, TEFC, 3PH (use with 4"x 3" pumps)

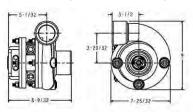
## **PARTS LISTING: HYDRAULIC MOTOR DRIVE KITS**



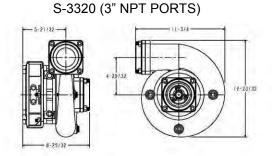


## **DIMENSIONAL INFORMATION**

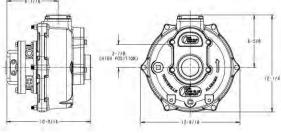
S-3220 (2" NPT PORTS)



SP-3240 (2" NPT PORTS)

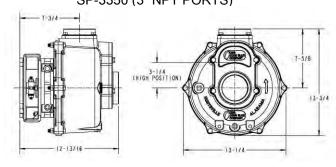


SP-3350 (3" NPT PORTS)

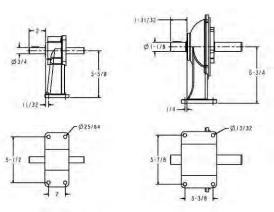


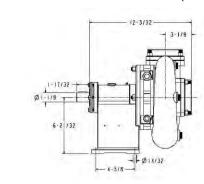
2" PEDESTAL

3" PEDESTAL



S-3325-P (3" NPT PORTS)



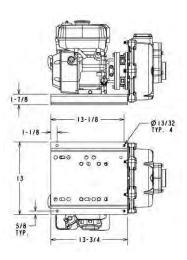


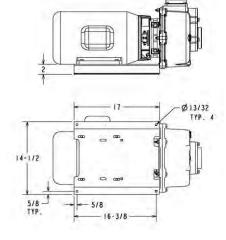
4-29/32 --12-11/32

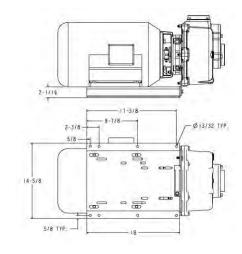
2" PUMP BASE DETAIL

10HP 3" PUMP BASE DETAIL

15HP 3" PUMP BASE DETAIL

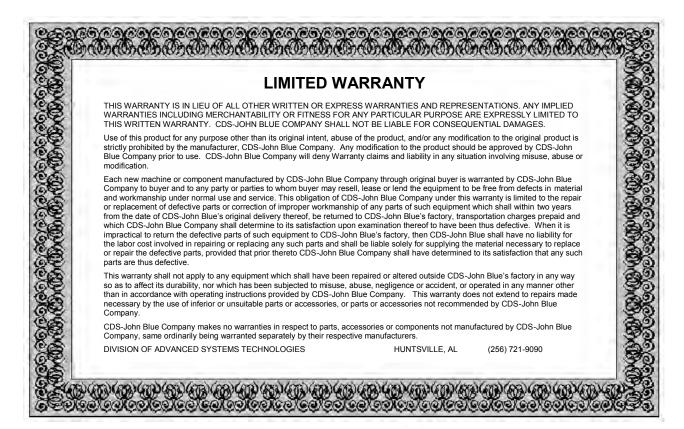






## **TROUBLE SHOOTING**

ISSUE	PROBABLE CAUSE
Pump makes rattling noise while running	Cavitation or pump starvation (suction lift is too high or
	the inlet line is too restrictive)
Reduced pump output or pressure	Clogged impeller or inlet piping (including strainer)
	Leaks in suction line or at inlet gasket
	Collapsed suction line
	Trapped air in sections of suction line
	Suction lift is too great
	Discharge lift is too great
	Worn or damaged parts (impeller or casing)
Pump fails to prime or slow prime	Leaks in suction line or at inlet gasket
	Failure to pre-fill pump with fluid to generate suction
	Suction lift is too great
	Collapsed suction line
	User may need to swap the inlet flange orientation
	(change from center inlet to high inlet without flap)
Seal reservoir fluid changes level	Leak at the input shaft seal if level is low
	Leak at the impeller side seal if level is high
Pump makes screeching or metal on metal	Improper installation on motor, engine, or pedestal shaft
noises	The shaft (and impeller) have been forced into the pump
	and against the volute





## **CDS-John Blue Company**

## Division of Advanced Systems Technology

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